Agenda Item 6.

Maintaining the System: Muni, BART and Caltrain



San Francisco County Transportation Authority

September 23, 2021

Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement

San Francisco County Transportation Authority

- Consistent with San Francisco's Transit First Policy, about 66% of the Preliminary Draft Expenditure Plan would fund transit capital improvements
- About 41% of the Draft Plan would fund transit maintenance





San Francisco Transportation Sales Tax Reauthorization **Repairs and Maintenance:** Vehicles Guideways Facilities

> Expenditure Plan Advisory Committee September 23, 2021

Transportation 2050

State of Good Repair



What is State of Good Repair?

The SFMTA defines State of Good Repair as the condition in which the Agency's assets can operate at a full level of performance. State of Good Repair investment includes any spending that ensures an asset necessary for delivery of transportation service to the public or supportive of staff needs remain effective, efficient, reliable, and safe.





4



The total SFMTA asset replacement value is estimated at \$15.6 billion. Asset replacement value provides a baseline when assessing levels of investment across asset classes.



2019 Replacement Value

2020 Replacement Value

*The train control system is not accurately modeled in our analysis; we know the system is near the end of its useful life with a higher replacement value than presented in the 2020 SGR Report.

Reference: 2020 SFMTA State of Good Repair Report





Age Based Condition Scores are based on the age of an asset and use a scale of 1 to 5. The weighted average condition score for all SFMTA assets in FY2020 is 3.07.



*The train control system is not accurately modeled in our analysis; we know the system is near the end of its useful life with a higher replacement cost than presented in the 2020 SGR Report.

Reference: 2020 SFMTA State of Good Repair Report



State of Good Repair

V

\$3.83 B Backlog

The value of assets beyond their useful life is \$3.83 billion.

This **backlog** represents deferred investments in infrastructure replacement or rehabilitation. The backlog represents assets where an end-of-lifecycle decisions needs to be made; either these assets will be retired, replaced in-kind, or upgraded with new technology or systems.



Reference: 2020 SFMTA State of Good Repair Report





State of Good Repair Key Trends (in \$B)



Reference: 2020 SFMTA State of Good Repair Report



12

8

Maintaining, Rebuilding and Replacing Core Transit Infrastructure is Key to Providing Fast and Convenient Transit

- Overhauling vehicles and other preventative maintenance reduces the likelihood of breakdowns, as does replacing them at the end of their useful life.
- Maintaining and replacing facilities maintains safe working conditions ensures sufficient resources for vehicle maintenance and prepares the City to transition to electric buses.
- Guideway repair and maintenance keeps the buses and trains moving.







9

Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement of **Muni Transit Vehicles**

Financial Need:

- Maintaining transit vehicles, track and stations in a state of good repair.
- **\$7 billion** needed through 2050

Available Funding:

- Vehicle replacement is primarily funded by federal funds, which requires at least 30%* local funds to indicate local commitment.
- Current revenue projections indicate only 7% of local match available through 2050.





*MTC programs Federal formula funds according to the Transit Capital Priority Program and the Core Capacity Reference: Transportation 2050 challence Grant Program, which sets at 75/25 local match in any given year and 70/30 over the 5 – year CCGGP span



More Repairs and Maintenance



Fast and **Convenient Transit**



Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement of Muni Transit - Guideways

Financial Need:

- Maintaining transit vehicles, track and stations in a state of good repair.
- \$2.5 billion needed through 2050

Available Funding:

- Guideway rehab and replacement is funded by a mix of federal and state funds, which requires at least 20% local funds to indicate local commitment.
- Guideways are anticipated to have more than
 20% unfunded need through 2050.



More Repairs and Maintenance



Fast and Convenient Transit

Reference: Transportation 2050



11

Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement of Muni Transit - Facilities

Financial Need:

- Maintaining transit vehicles, track and stations in a state of good repair.
- \$4.9 billion needed through 2050

Available Funding:

- Facilities have few dedicated funding sources.
- Federal and State funding is difficult to secure.
- Facilities are only projected to have **12%** of needed revenues through 2050.







More Repairs and Maintenance



Fast and Convenient Transit



SF Sales Tax Reauthorization

Expenditure Plan Advisory Committee September 23, 2021



BART is Local

- BART supports equity
 - → Typical SF resident riding BART today within the City is: a person of color who has an annual household income under \$50K, does not own a car, and has been riding BART over 5 years to commute to work
 - → BART offers Clipper START, a fare-discount pilot program for riders with lower incomes launched in 2020
- San Franciscans rely on BART
 - → Pre-pandemic, 55,000 people took BART within San Francisco each day equivalent to SFMTA's service on Geary Corridor
 - → BART provides fastest, most affordable point-to-point service in Southeast SF corridor
- BART supports sustainability
 - → BART's contracted power supply is 100% greenhouse gas free



BART is Local

- BART supports SF employers and workers
 - → Pre-pandemic, 75% of BART weekday trips originated or ended in SF (310K trips)
 - \rightarrow 73% of SF office space is located within half mile of downtown BART stations
- BART contributes to San Francisco sales tax and property tax generation
 - → Higher SF daytime population drives higher sales tax revenues BART carries >125K people into SF each weekday (pre-pandemic)
 - → 85% of office AV located within half mile of downtown BART stations generates \$256M/year in SF property tax (pre-pandemic)



BART Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement Example Projects

Implementing a Modern Train Control System

→Less standing around on platforms and more frequent train service

Replacing broken escalators

→BART ribbon cutting on first of 41 New Escalators in Downtown Station Entrances - Tuesday, Aug 31

Construction of new turnarounds and extra tracks

 \rightarrow Reducing the impact of delays

Replacing and upgrading power infrastructure

→Supporting reliable service and expanding capacity to support service expansion

SF Sales Tax funds would leverage Measure RR, federal and other funds to keep the BART system reliable and up to date

30-Year Funding Forecast of BART Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement Program



BART is Investing in Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement in San Francisco

- BART has programmed almost \$2.1B of \$3.5B BART Measure RR General Obligation bonds to maintenance, rehabilitation and replacement projects that are in or benefit San Francisco
 - BART Measure RR passed in 2016 by voters in SF, Alameda and Contra Costa counties.
- An additional \$1.5B of other funds have been allocated to these projects, including:
 - Federal Formula Funds and FTA Capital Investment Grant
 - State Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program and Solutions for **Congested Corridors Program**
 - BART Allocations from Operating Budget to Capital Program
 - Other local funding, including contributions from County Transportation Agencies

Measure RR SF Contribution 29% to BART Measure RR

SF Benefit

from BART

59%

BART Measure RR Investments in San Francisco Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement



Renew Track

2

3

8

- Replace Direct Fixation Pads (Systemwide Not Mapped) Ongoing Construction
- Rail Relay Ongoing Construction (Systemwide Not Mapped)
- A65/A75 Track Interlocking Replacement Substantially Complete*

Renew Power Infrastructure

- M-Line 34.5kV Cable Replacement Ph.II- Ongoing 4
- Substation for Core Capacity Ongoing Construction* 6

Renew Tunnel & Structures

- Water Intrusion at Train Control Rooms Ongoing Construction -(Systemwide Not Mapped)*
- Earthquake Safety Program Transbay Tube Retrofit Ongoing Construction
- 9 Tunnel Lighting Replacement - Completed

Renew Mechanical

Facilities HVAC Equipment Replacement System Wide Phase 1 10 - Ongoing Construction (Not Mapped)

Design/Engineer to Relieve Crowding

- Civic Center Scissor Stairs Ongoing Construction 11
- Repair Sidewalks SWD (Systemwide)

Renew Stations

- 19th Street Station Modernization Ongoing Construction 13
- Market Street Canopies and Escalator Ongoing Construction 14

Expand Safe Access

- Bicycle Stair Channels Ongoing Construction 17

Replace Train Control/Increase Capacity

Enabling Works Contract for Power Supply Cabinets & Switch

19 Machine/Train Control Power Cables (Systemwide Not Mapped) -



BART Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement Major Capital Projects

Train Control Modernization Program

- Replaces BART's nearly 50-year-old train control system with a new, state-of-the-art communications-based train control system
- Will also enable BART to reduce headways between trains, enabling more frequent and reliable service
- **\$1.7 billion** project, within larger \$3.5B BART Core Capacity Program (CCP)
- Requesting \$100M SF Sales Tax funds to support CCP
- SF Sales Tax would leverage \$3.4B federal, State, regional, local and BART funds
 - Including \$1.3B federal Capital Investment Grant

Next Generation Fare Gates

- Retrofit existing fare gates to improve reliability and maintainability
- To improve throughput and reduce passenger queuing at fare gates
- \$90M systemwide project, of which ~\$30M is in San Francisco (including SFO)
- Requesting \$15.7M SF Sales Tax funds
- SF Sales Tax would leverage ~\$75M of federal, local and BART funds
 - \$10M BART Measure RR
 - \$7M Allocations from BART Operating Budget
 - \$18M federal Formula Funds
 - \$39.5M from BART District counties (50% share of county costs)
 - \$15.5M from other counties in which BART operates



BART Maintenance, Rehabilitation and Replacement Major Capital Projects

Elevator Modernization Program

- Will modernize 130 priority elevators through the BART system
- Essential to ensure elevator availability and preserve access to BART stations for disability community, bikes and families
- San Francisco BART station elevators are some of the heaviest used in the industry
- Includes joint use elevators at four downtown BART/ SFMTA stations
- \$350 million total Elevator Modernization Program
- Requesting \$65M SF Sales Tax funds to modernize 20 elevators at San Francisco BART stations
- SF Sales Tax funding would leverage federal, State, BART and other funds

Station	Station Elevator	Platform Elevator	Total Number of Elevators	SFMTA/BART Joint Use
16th St. Station	1	1	2	
24th St. Station	1	1	2	
Balboa Park Station		1	1	
Civic Center Station	1	1	2	✓
Daly City Station	2	2	4	
Embarcadero Station	1	1	2	✓
Glen Park Station		1	1	
Montgomery Station	1	1	2	✓
Powell St. Station	1	1	2	✓
SFO Station	2		2	
TOTAL SAN FRANCISCO	10	10	20	







Caltrain Proposed SF Sales Tax Expenditures

SFCTA Expenditure Plan Advisory Committee September 23, 2021





Caltrain Overview

- The Peninsula Corridor Joint Powers Board (JPB) is a joint exercise of powers agency that has administered the operation of Caltrain passenger train services since 1992.
- The JPB's three member agencies include:
 - The City and County of San Francisco
 - The San Mateo County Transit District
 - The Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority
- All three member agencies share in the costs to operate and maintain Caltrain.
- Caltrain currently operates 104 trains per weekday.



Caltrain Ridership

- Before the pandemic, Caltrain carried ~65,000-70,000 riders per day (ridership is currently ~15% of normal due to the pandemic).
- Caltrain has a **bi-directional ridership market**, with consistently strong ridership in the north in San Francisco, in the south in San Jose, and in between on the Peninsula.
- San Francisco 4th & King Station is Caltrain's busiest station.



2018 Average Weekday Boardings



Caltrain Electrification

- Caltrain is in the process of electrifying 51 miles of its corridor from San Francisco's 4th and King Station to Tamien Station in San Jose.
- Caltrain Electrification will



Project Area: San Francisco to San Jose



San Francisco Context

Caltrain continues to work with our San Francisco partners to advance and enhance rail infrastructure and services.

We're actively coordinating with key partners, including:

- San Francisco County Transportation Authority (SFCTA)
- San Francisco Planning (SF Planning)
- Transbay Joint Powers Authority (TJPA)



Caltrain Maintenance, Rehabilitation, and Replacement



Why make this investment?

Annual investment in this capital program is critical for keeping the railroad in a state of good repair so that Caltrain service may continue to safely operate.

What will be funded?

- Caltrain's annual state of good repair program, including the upgrade, rehabilitation, and replacement of:
 - Caltrain's trains and their components
 - Stations and access facilities
 - Signals and communications equipment
 - Fare collection equipment
 - Other equipment and facilities that are required to operate Caltrain service



Caltrain Maintenance, Rehabilitation, and Replacement

What other funding sources can be used for these investments?

Local contributions are crucial to help leverage funding from State and Federal sources for state of good repair investments in Caltrain's facilities and equipment. Local contributions enable Caltrain to keep its trains in a state of good repair by funding routine, ongoing train maintenance projects.

How much funding does Caltrain receive annually?

Federal Funding: \$13.6 million (requires minimum 20% match)

State Funding: \$8.5-\$13.5 million

Member contributions are needed to supplement this funding, with all three members sharing equally in state of good repair costs: \$5-\$7.5 million per member agency.

Notable funding source limitations

Federal sources: The Metropolitan Transportation Commission's (MTC) funding policies place restrictions on Federal funding sources and limit their use on train maintenance projects to major vehicle replacement and overhaul projects, which are only completed every ~15 years or so.

Measure RR: a 1/8 cent sales tax in the three counties, passed in 2020 by voters in for Caltrain's operating and capital needs.

- In the near and mi-term, the vast majority of Measure RR funds are anticipated to be needed to support Caltrain operations each year.
- It is not expected that Measure RR funds will be able to fully cover Caltrain's state of good repair costs outside sources such as local contributions from the three member agencies will continue to be needed.





Thank you!



Questions?



San Francisco County Transportation Authority